AV Milestones

'30s | '40s | '50s



Franklin D. Roosevelt established the use of motion picture film to inform the public during WWII.

Ampex introduced the first

'60s | '70s

practical videotape recorder.

It cost \$100,000 and was the

size of two washing machines.

An Electro Voice microphone



1956



The National Association of Visual Education Dealers (NAVED) was organized in 1939 by a group of eight audiovisual dealers.

1946

1958

1949



NAVED held its first convention with exhibits in Chicago.

NAVED merged with the **Allied Non-Theatrical Film** Association to become the National Audio-Visual Association (NAVA).



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VISUAL EDUCATION DEALERS



NAVA, whose primary goal was to encourage increased government funding of education, celebrated the passage of the National **Defense Education Act.**

"This Act will... do much to strengthen our American system of education so that it can meet the broad and increasing demands imposed upon it by considerations of basic national security."







1962

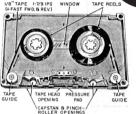
Room equalization was used for the first time in Wichita Falls, Texas.





to orbit Earth.





Philips[®] introduced the compact audiocassette. A year later, the first plasma display monitor was invented at the University of Illinois.





25 million televisions were installed in the U.S., 20.5 million in Japan, 19 million in Great Britain.







Kodak[®] introduced the Kodak **Ektagraphic Slide Projector, the** first slide projector designed for the pro-AV market.



Dr. Sam Hurst (L) developed the first touch sensor while working at the University of Kentucky.

1971

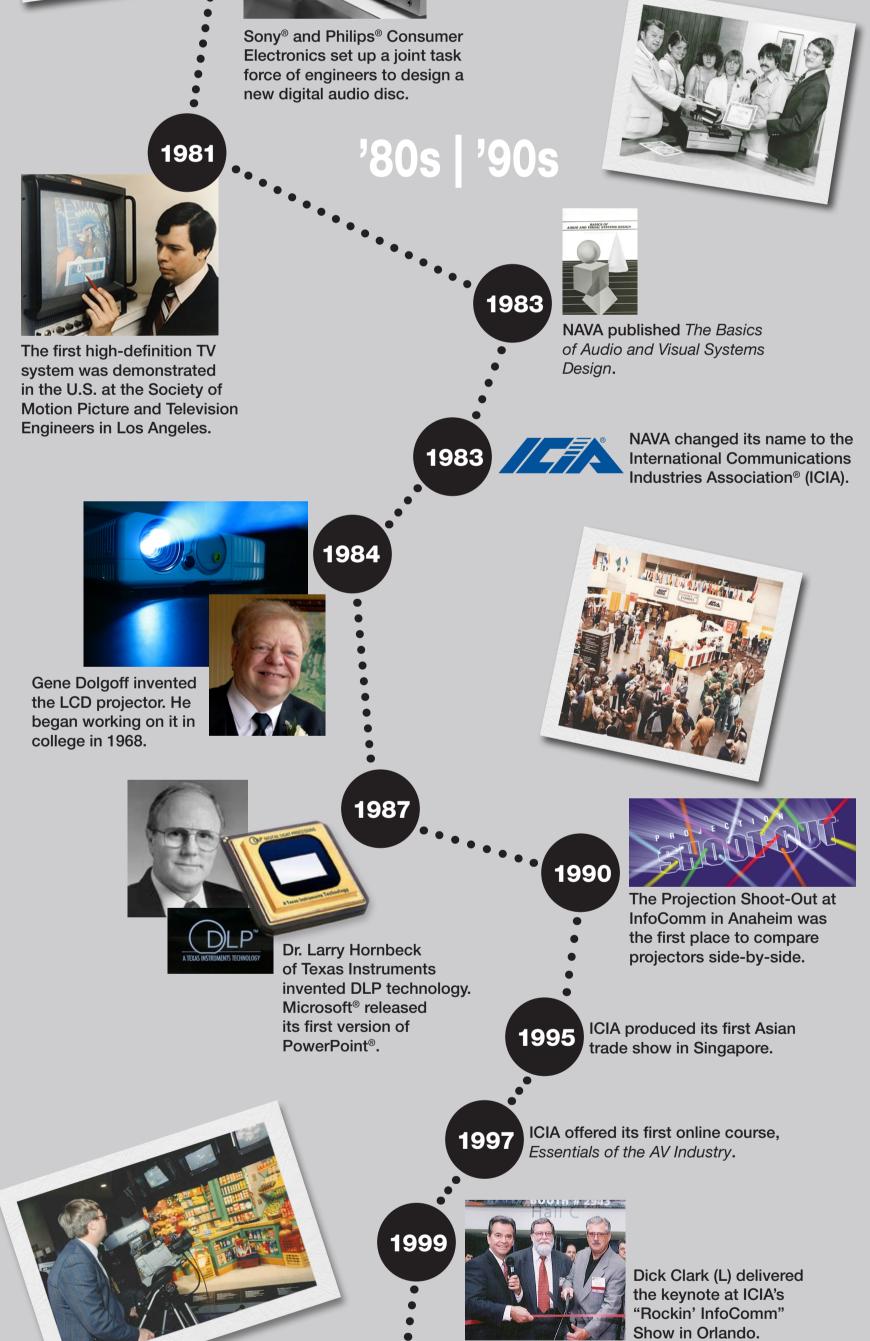


Comedian Bill Cosby received the Audiovisual Media Educator of the Year Award at the NAVA Show for his dissertation related to the integration of visual media.

1977 2222223

1976

The first VHS videocassette recorder, the JVC HR3300U, had its public unveiling at NAVA, January 1977 in Anaheim.





1979

2000 Today



2001 InfoComm iQ[®] Online debuted.

Sharp introduced the first 16:9 projector

2002

InfoComm China was held in Shanghai.

HDMI announced.

2003

ICIA started AVolution, a multi-year industry awareness campaign.

Apple launched the iTunes[®] store.

2004

Integrated Systems Europe was held in Geneva.

InfoComm opened an office in Munich, joining existing international offices in Singapore, Sydney and London.

2005

ICIA changed its name to InfoComm International[®].



2006

InfoComm held its first AV Week celebration.

Samsung debuted the first Blu-ray player.

2007

Integrated Systems Russia was held in Moscow.

Sales of LCD televisions surpassed CRT televisions for the first time.

2008

CTS and CTS-I credentials earned **American National Standards** Institute (ANSI) accreditation, meeting ISO/IEC 17024 standards.

InfoComm became an ANSI **Accredited Standards Developing** Organization (SDO).

2009

CTS-D credential earned ANSI accreditation, meeting ISO/IEC 17024 standards.

Audio Coverage Uniformity in **Enclosed Listener Areas (ACUTM)** performance standard was approved by ANSI.

2010

InfoComm launched Virtual Classroom courses, an interactive online learning model.

ANSI approved InfoComm Standard Guide for Audiovisual Systems Design and Coordination Processes.

2011

InfoComm's Projected Image System Contrast Ratio Performance Standard approved by ANSI.

2012

ANSI approved InfoComm's Audiovisual Systems Energy Management Standard.

InfoComm re-launched the Certified AudioVisual Solutions Provider program.

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First 4K-resolution TVs debut.